Genesis Pediatrics, LLC 900 Elmgrove Road Rochester, NY 14624 Phone: (585) 426-4100 Fax: (585) 426-3701 www.genesispediatrics.com



Attention deficit and learning problems can be difficult to diagnose. Inattentiveness, impulsivity, and hyperactivity are common symptoms in a number of conditions including sleep disorders, anxiety, depression and learning disabilities. To make an accurate assessment, we will ask for information from you and your child's teacher(s). Any additional information from therapists, day care providers or after-school activities is also welcome.

Enclosed in this packet is a parent and teacher copy of the Vanderbilt Assessment Scale, a standard tool for assessing ADHD symptoms. We also ask the school to share results of any prior evaluations of your child. Please sign the Authorization to Release of Information included. For you, the history assessment tool and family history help screen for other conditions which may occur with ADD/ADHD or cause similar symptoms. Depending on results, you may be sent a few more sets of questions as follow up.

Checklist for Documents to be Returned to our Office:

Parent: Complete these documents through the portal:

•	
History Assessment	Tool

- NICHQ Vanderbilt Assessment Scale: Parent
- Patient Authorization to Release Health Information

Teacher:

Option #1: Print out forms from the portal. Ask teacher(s) to complete and return forms via mail or fax – # 585-426-3701

Option #2 Email the PDF folder from the portal to the teacher. The teacher can fill out the forms and return them to you by email. This file can then be sent back to us through the portal.

Physician's request for information

□ NICHQ Vanderbilt Assessment Scale: Teacher

Once we receive all the completed forms requested above, we will review the information and contact you to schedule an appointment to share the results and discuss treatment options. If you have not heard from us within 1 week of returning your child's information, please call our office.

Helpful Resources:

Understood.org
 ADDitudemag.com – online magazine, podcast
 Starbridgeinc.org/resources/documents-links#education – A local organization that gives assistance with advocation in school, help with IEPs, specific support for parents, information about how to prepare for school meetings
 Kidsthrive585.org – behavioral health resources and other supports
 Childmind.org – mental health resources



ADHD Fact Sheet

ADHD is...



ADHD is not...

Waystohelpkidswith ADHD



Behavior therapy can help kids get organized and replace negative behaviors with positive ones.



ADHD medication can reduce ADHD symptoms, but only when the medication is active in the body.

Classroom accommodations, like taking movement breaks and getting extended time on tests, can help with things like staying seated and finishing tasks.

Success stories



Will.i.am, Grammy-winning singer and producer



Lisa Ling, Award-winning TV journalist



David Neeleman, Founder of JetBlue Airways

Understood

For more information on ADHD and how to help, go to **u.org/adhd**

GENESIS PEDIATRICS, LLC History Assessment Tool

CHILD'S NAME:	DOB:
YOUR NAME:	DATE:

What is the focus of your concern?

How does this health or behavior issue affect your child's home or school life?

How does your child view this concern?

What efforts have been made to improve their situation?

Medical History (NS=Not sure)

1.	How would you describe your	child's health	?				
	Very good Good	Fair	Poor _		Very poor _	. <u></u> .	
2.	Any concerns with your child's	s hearing or vi	sion? N	No	_ Yes		
3.	How is your child's gross moto	or coordination	า?	Good	Fair		Poor
4.	How is your child's fine motor	coordination?	Good _		Fair	Poor _	
5.	How is your child's speech?		Good _		Fair	Poor _	
6.	Has your child ever been eval	uated for a de	velopm	ental o	delay or part	icipated i	n Physical
	Therapy, Occupational Therap	by or Speech	Therapy	y?	No	Yes	
7.	Is there any history of physica	l/sexual abus	e? No		Yes	Not sure	e
8.	Does your child have any prol	olems sleeping	g?				
	None		Difficul	ty fallir	ng asleep		
	Sleep continuity disturbane	ce	Early n	norning	g awakening		
9.	Is your child a restless sleepe	r?	No		Yes	Not Su	re
10	Are you concerned that your o	hild snores or	hold th	neir bre	eath for a fev	v second	s while they
	are sleeping (greater than 3 d	ays per week′	?	No	_ Yes_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
11	.Does your child fall asleep ea	sily during the	day?	No	_ Yes_	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
Tre	eatment History						
12	.Has your child ever been pres	cribed any of	the follo	owing:	(Duration in	months)	
	Medication for attention	Medication for	or sleep)	Other medic	cations	
	Name:	Name:			Name:		
	Duration of use	Duration of u	se		Duration of	use	-
13	.Has your child ever had any c	f the following	forms	of psyc	chological tre	eatment?	lf so, how
	long did it last?						
	Individual psychotherapy			Durati	on of therap	у.	
	Group psychotherapy			Durati	on of therap	у.	
	Family therapy with child			Durati	on of therap	У.	
	Inpatient evaluation/treatm	ent		Durati	on of inpatie	nt stay	

School History

14. Please summarize the child's progress (e.g. academic, social, testing) within each of these grade levels:

Preschool

Kindergarten

Grades 1 thru 3

Grades 4 thru 6

Grades 7 thru 12

15. Has your child ever been in any type of special education program? If so, how long?

 Duration of placement	
 Duration of placement	
	Duration of placementDuration of placementDuration of placementDuration of placement

16. Has your child ever been:	
Suspended from school	Number of suspensions
Expelled from school	Number of expulsions
Retained in grade	Number of retentions
17. Have any additional instructional mod	ifications been attempted?
None	Behavioral modification program
Daily/weekly report card	Other (specify)
Social History	
18. How does your child get along with the	eir siblings?
Doesn't have any	Better than average
Average	Worse than average
19. How easily does your child make frien	ids?
Easier than average	Average
Worse than average	Not sure
Current Behavioral Concerns	
	he time does your child comply with initial
	he time does your child comply with initial
20. On the average, what percentage of the commands?	he time does your child comply with initial 40 – 60% 60 – 80% 80 – 100%
20. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 – 20% 20 – 40%	
20. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 – 20% 20 – 40%	40 - 60% 60 - 80% 80 - 100%
 20. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 21. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 	40 - 60% 60 - 80% 80 - 100%
20. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 21. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40%	40 – 60% 60 – 80% 80 – 100% he time does your child eventually comply with
20. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 21. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 22. To what extent are caregivers consistent	40 – 60% 60 – 80% 80 – 100% he time does your child eventually comply with 40 – 60% 60 – 80% 80 – 100%
20. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 21. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 22. To what extent are caregivers consistent	40 - 60% $60 - 80%$ $80 - 100%he time does your child eventually comply with40 - 60%$ $60 - 80%$ $80 - 100%ent with respect to disciplinary strategies?of the time None of the time$
20. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 21. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 22. To what extent are caregivers consistent of the time Some of the time _	40 - 60% $60 - 80%$ $80 - 100%he time does your child eventually comply with40 - 60%$ $60 - 80%$ $80 - 100%ent with respect to disciplinary strategies?of the time None of the timets occurred within the past 12 months?$
20. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 21. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 22. To what extent are caregivers consistent of the time Some of the time stress events are carefully and the time stress events are carefully at the time stress events at the time stress events are carefully at the time stress events at the	40 - 60% $60 - 80%$ $80 - 100%he time does your child eventually comply with40 - 60%$ $60 - 80%$ $80 - 100%ent with respect to disciplinary strategies?of the time None of the timets occurred within the past 12 months?$
20. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 21. On the average, what percentage of the commands? 0 - 20% 20 - 40% 22. To what extent are caregivers consisted Most of the time Some of the time Some of the time Some of the following stress events divorced or separated	40 - 60% $60 - 80%$ $80 - 100%he time does your child eventually comply with40 - 60%$ $60 - 80%$ $80 - 100%ent with respect to disciplinary strategies?of the time None of the timets occurred within the past 12 months? Family accident or illness$

4

FAMILY HISTORY	Child's	Child's	Child's Siblings				
	Father	Mother	Brother	Brother	Sister	Sister	
Date of birth							
School level completed							
Problems with aggressiveness, defiance, & oppositional behavior as a child							
Problems with attention, activity, & impulse control as a child							
Learning disabilities							
Failed to graduate from high school							
Mental retardation							
Psychosis or schizophrenia							
Depression for greater than 2 weeks							
Anxiety disorder that impaired adjustment							
Tic or Tourette's							
Alcohol abuse							
Substance abuse							
Antisocial behavior (assault, thefts, etc.)							
Arrests							
Physical abuse							
Sexual abuse							
0 = Negative; 1 = Positive		*Adapted fr	om material l	by Russell A.	Barkley F	Ph.D.	

*Adapted from material by Russell A. Barkley Ph.D.

END OF QUESTIONNAIRE

Genesis Pediatrics, LLC 900 Elmgrove Road Rochester, NY 14624 Phone: (585) 426-4100 Fax: (585) 426-3701



Patient Authorization to Release Protected Health Information

This authorization permits (School's Name) ______ personnel to use or disclose to Genesis Pediatrics written and verbal educational information pertaining to (Child's Name) ______, DOB ______

This protected health information is being used or disclosed for the following purpose of completing a comprehensive assessment of the child.

This authorization shall be in force for _____ months from the date signed below.

When information is used or disclosed pursuant to this authorization, the recipient will be protected by the federal HIPAA Privacy Rule.

I have the right to revoke this authorization in writing except to the extent that you have acted in reliance upon this authorization.

Signed by:

Signature of Patient or Parent/Legal Guardian

Print Name of Patient or Parent/Legal Guardian

Patient's Name

Relationship to Patient

Date

PARENT TOOLS

Behavioral Intervention Resources for Parents



Programs That Teach You Skills to Support Your Child

As a parent, you can learn to be more confident and consistent in your interactions with your child. This can help your child with a personal understanding of-and strategies for managing-his or her behaviors, at home and beyond. Here are some evidence-based parent training programs that have been shown to be effective.

- Children and Adults with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (CHADD) is an organization dedicated to improving the lives of people with ADHD. The CHADD Parent to Parent training program (https://chadd.org/parent-to-parent) is designed by parents for parents to give you an understanding of ADHD as well as strategies to improve life at home and at school. Go to www.chadd.org, select "Understanding ADHD," and click "For Parents & Caregivers."
- Parent-Child Interaction Therapy uses "coaching" sessions with a certified therapist. You and your child interact with each other in a playroom, while the therapist watches from an observation room (where your child can't see the therapist). You wear an ear device through which you can hear the therapist's voice, and the therapist provides real-time coaching as you work on skills you are learning to manage your child's behavior. Go to www.pcit.org and click "For Parents."
- The Incredible Years programs are conducted in group settings such as preschools. The programs focus on "strengthening parent-child interactions, nurturing relationships, reducing harsh discipline, and fostering parents' ability to promote children's social, emotional, and language development." There are also programs for parents of preschool and school-aged children to teach school readiness. Go to www. incredibleyears.com/programs/parent.
- The Triple P—Positive Parenting Program helps parents "develop skills, strategies and confidence to handle any parenting situation." The program offers courses that you can take online, and there is also a "Find a Provider" search feature that shows you where you can take live classes in your area. Go to www.triplep-parenting.com.
- The New Forest Parenting Programme was developed in the United Kingdom and has been implemented there and in the United States. In a series of 8 sessions, about an hour to an hour and a half long, a trainer-a family support worker, psychologist, health visitor, or nurse-makes visits to your home. The trainer identifies symptoms and signs of ADHD and shows you strategies for managing your child's behavior and attention difficulties. Some of these strategies are taught through games. Go to https://guidebook.eif.org.uk/programmes/the-new-forest-parentingprogramme.

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Behavioral Intervention Resources for Parents



Resources to Help You Learn More

Learning more about how ADHD can affect your child's behavior can prepare you to seek behavioral interventions that work for your family. Here are some free resources in which you can find more information.

- "Understanding ADHD: Information for Parents" is a resource on the American Academy of Pediatrics HealthyChildren.org website. It includes information on treatment and target outcomes, common medications and therapies, and how schools can help children with ADHD.
- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention hosts a website with extensive information on ADHD. To learn more about treatments, including behavior therapy, go to www.cdc.gov/ncbddd/adhd and click "Treatment."
- Understood.org features resources written and reviewed by a community of experts. It offers a personalized experience—you can click on the specific areas in which your child needs help and get recommendations just for you and your child.

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The recommendations in this resource do not indicate an exclusive course of treatment or serve as a standard of medical care. Variations, taking into account individual circumstances, may be appropriate. Original resource included as part of *Caring for Children With ADHD: A Practical Resource Toolkit for Clinicians*, 3rd Edition.

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CLINICIAN TOOLS

Vanderbilt Assessment Scale: **ADHD Toolkit** Parent-Informant Form



Child's name: _____ Parent's name: _____

Date:_____ DOB:_____ Age: _____

Directions: Each rating should be considered in the context of what is appropriate for the age of your child. When completing this form, please think about your child's behaviors in the past 6 months.

This evaluation is based on a time when your child: 🗆 Was on medication 🔅 Was not on medication 🔅 Not sure

	Behavior	Never (0)	Occasionally (1)	Often (2)	Very Often (3)	
1.	Does not pay attention to details or makes mistakes that seem careless with, for example, homework					
2.	Has difficulty keeping attention on what needs to be done					
3.	Does not seem to listen when spoken to directly					
4.	Does not follow through on instructions and does not finish activities (not because of refusal or lack of comprehension)					
5.	Has difficulty organizing tasks and activities					
6.	Avoids, dislikes, or does not want to start tasks that require ongoing mental effort					
7.	Loses things necessary for tasks or activities (eg, toys, assignments, pencils, books)					
8.	Is easily distracted by noises or other stimuli					For Office Use Only
9.	Is forgetful in daily activities					2s & 3s /9
		1	1			
10	Fidgets with or taps hands or feet or squirms in seat					
11	Leaves seat when remaining seated is expected					
12	Runs about or climbs too much when remaining seated is expected					
13	Has difficulty playing or beginning quiet play games					
14	Is on the go or often acts as if "driven by a motor"					
15	Talks too much					
16	Blurts out answers before questions have been completed					
17	Has difficulty waiting his or her turn					
18	Interrupts or intrudes into others' conversations or activities or both					For Office Use Only 2s & 3s /9

45. Blames self for problems or feels guilty

Vanderbilt Assessment Scale: ADHD Toolkit Parent-Informant Form

Child's name: _

Today's date:

Behavior	Never (0)	Occasionally (1)	Often (2)	Very Often (3)
19. Loses temper				
20. Is touchy or easily annoyed				
21. Is angry or resentful				
22. Argues with authority figures or adults				
23. Actively defies or refuses to adhere to requests or rules				
24. Deliberately annoys people				
25. Blames others for his or her mistakes or misbehaviors				
26. Is spiteful and wants to get even				
27. Bullies, threatens, or intimidates others				
28. Starts physical fights				
29. Has used a weapon that can cause serious harm (eg, bat, knife, brick, gun)				
30. Has been physically cruel to people				
31. Has been physically cruel to animals				
32. Has stolen while confronting the person				
33. Has forced someone into sexual activity				
34. Has deliberately set fires to cause damage				
35. Deliberately destroys others' property				
36. Has broken into someone else's home, business, or car				
 Lies to get out of trouble, to obtain goods or favors, or to avoid obligations (ie, cons others) 				
38. Has stolen items of value				
 Has stayed out at night without permission beginning before age 13 				
40. Has run away from home twice or once for an extended period				
41. Is often truant from school (skips school)				
42. Is fearful, anxious, or worried				
43. Is afraid to try new things for fear of making mistakes				
44. Feels worthless or inferior				

46. Feels lonely, unwanted, or unloved; often says that no one loves him or her			
47. Is sad, unhappy, or depressed			For Office Use Only
48. Is self-conscious or easily embarrassed			2s & 3s /7

Vanderbilt Assessment Scale: ADHD Toolkit Parent-Informant Form



Child's name: _

Today's date: _____

Academic and Social Performance	Excellent (1)	Above Average (2)	Average (3)	Somewhat of a Problem (4)	Problematic (5)	
49. Overall school performance						
50. Reading						
51. Writing						
52. Mathematics						
53. Relationship with parents						For 0
54. Relationship with siblings						Use C
55. Relationship with peers						
56. Participation in organized activities (eg, teams)						For Of Use Of 5s

How old was your child when you first noticed the behaviors?

Tic behaviors: To the best of your knowledge, please indicate if your child displays the following behaviors:

1. Motor tics: Rapid, repetitive movements such as eye blinking, grimacing, nose twitching, head jerks, shoulder shrugs, arm jerks, body jerks, and rapid kicks.

 \Box No tics present.

 $\hfill\square$ Yes, they occur nearly every day but go unnoticed by most people.

□ Yes, noticeable tics occur nearly every day.

2. Phonic (vocal) tics: Repetitive noises including, but not limited to, throat clearing, coughing, whistling, sniffing, snorting, screeching, barking, grunting, and repetition of words or short phrases.

 \Box No tics present.

- $\hfill\square$ Yes, they occur nearly every day but go unnoticed by most people.
- $\hfill\square$ Yes, noticeable tics occur nearly every day.
- 3. If YES to 1 or 2, do these tics interfere with your child's activities (eg, reading, writing, walking, talking, eating)? □ No □ Yes

Vanderbilt Assessment Scale: ADHD Toolkit Parent-Informant Form

Child's name:

For Office Use Only



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The recommendations in this resource do not indicate an exclusive course of treatment or serve as a standard of medical care. Variations, taking into account individual circumstances, may be appropriate. Original resource included as part of *Caring for Children With ADHD: A Practical Resource Toolkit for Clinicians*, 3rd Edition.

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Total number of questions scored 2 or 3 in questions 10-18: Total number of questions scored 2 or 3 in questions 19-26: _

Total number of questions scored 2 or 3 in questions 27-41:

Total number of questions scored 2 or 3 in questions 1-9:

Total number of questions scored 2 or 3 in questions 42-48: _

Total number of questions scored 4 in questions 49–56:

Total number of questions scored 5 in questions 49–56:

Previous diagnosis and treatment: Please answer the following questions to the best of your knowledge:

- 1. Has your child been diagnosed as having ADHD or ADD? □ No □ Yes
- 2. Is he or she on medication for ADHD or ADD? □ No □ Yes
- 3. Has your child been diagnosed as having a tic disorder or Tourette syndrome? □ No □ Yes
- 4. Is he or she on medication for a tic disorder or Tourette disorder? □ No □ Yes

Adapted from the Vanderbilt rating scales developed by Mark L. Wolraich, MD.

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Today's date: _

